

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
WESTERN DIVISION

CYNTHIA DAVIS,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.:

-vs-

CONN APPLIANCES, INC.,

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, Cynthia Davis, by and through the undersigned counsel, and sues Defendant, CONN APPLIANCES, INC., and in support thereof respectfully alleges violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 *et seq.* (“TCPA”).

INTRODUCTION

1. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like CONN APPLIANCES, INC., from invading American citizen’s privacy and to prevent abusive “robo-calls.”

2. “The TCPA is designed to protect individual consumers from receiving intrusive and unwanted telephone calls.” *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740 (2012).

3. “Senator Hollings, the TCPA’s sponsor, described these calls as ‘the *1256 scourge of modern civilization, they wake us up in the morning; they interrupt our dinner at night; they force the sick and elderly out of bed; they hound us until we want to rip the telephone out of the wall.’ 137 Cong. Rec. 30, 821 (1991). Senator Hollings presumably intended to give telephone subscribers another option: telling the autodialers to simply stop calling.” *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F. 3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).

4. According to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), “Unwanted calls and texts are the number one complaint to the FCC. There are thousands of complaints to the FCC every month on both telemarketing and robocalls. The FCC received more than 215,000 TCPA complaints in 2014.” *Fact Sheet: Wheeler Proposal to Protect and Empower Consumers Against Unwanted Robocalls, Texts to Wireless Phones*, Federal Communications Commission, (May 27, 2015), https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs_public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. Jurisdiction and venue for purposes of this action are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, Federal Question Jurisdiction, as this action involves violations of the TCPA.

6. Subject matter jurisdiction, federal question jurisdiction, for purposes of this action is appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, which provides that the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; and this action involves violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). See *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, S.Ct. 740, 748 (2012) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242, 1249 (11th Cir. 2014).

7. The alleged violations described herein occurred in Shelby County, Tennessee. Accordingly, venue is appropriate with this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), as it is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Plaintiff is a natural person, and citizen of the State of Tennessee, residing in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee.

9. Plaintiff is the “called party.” See *Breslow v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 755 F. 3d 1265 (11th Cir. 2014) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).

10. Defendant is a corporation which was formed in Texas with its principal place of business located at 4055 Technology Forest Blvd., Ste 210, The Woodlands, Texas, 77381 and which conducts business in the State of Tennessee through its registered agent, C T Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, Ste. 900, Dallas, Texas, 75201.

11. Plaintiff is the regular user and carrier of the cellular telephone number at issue, (901) ***-9934, and was the called party and recipient of Defendant’s hereinafter described calls.

12. On or about June 14, 2016, Plaintiff began receiving telephone calls to her aforementioned cellular telephone number from Defendant seeking to recover an alleged debt.

13. Upon receipt of the calls from Defendant, Plaintiff’s caller ID identified the calls were being initiated from, but not limited to, the following phone numbers: (800) 838-8434, (901) 504-4814, (901) 563-0447, (901) 563-1991, (901) 563-2602, (901) 563-1941, (901) 563-1991, (901) 563-2602, (901) 563-2976, (901) 602-3384, (901) 602-3490, and (901) 609-8402.

14. Upon information and belief, some or all of the calls the Defendant made to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number were made using an “automatic telephone dialing system” which has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator (including but not limited to a predictive dialer) or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and to dial such numbers as specified by 47 U.S.C § 227(a)(1) (hereinafter “autodialer calls”). Plaintiff will testify that she knew it was an autodialer because of the vast number of calls she received and because when she answered a call from the Defendant she would hear an extended pause before a representative would come on the line.

15. Furthermore some of the calls at issue were placed by the Defendant using a “prerecorded voice,” as specified by the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

16. None of Defendant’s telephone calls placed to Plaintiff were for “emergency purposes” as specified in 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

17. On or about June 20, 2016, Plaintiff answered a call from Defendant to her aforementioned cellular telephone number, met with a pre-recorded message directing this to hold on the line, held the line, and was eventually connected to a live representative, and informed an agent/representative of Defendant that she had to resign from her job due to medical reasons; thus, was not able to pay the amount due at that specific time. Moreover, Plaintiff informed the agent/representative of Defendant that she felt harassed, and immediately demanded that the Defendant cease placing calls to his aforementioned cellular telephone number.

18. During the aforementioned phone call with Defendant on or about June 20, 2016, Plaintiff unequivocally revoked any express consent Defendant had for placement of telephone calls to Plaintiff’s aforementioned cellular telephone number by the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice.

19. Each subsequent call the Defendant made to the Plaintiff’s aforementioned cellular telephone number was done so without the “express consent” of the Plaintiff.

20. Each subsequent call the Defendant made to the Plaintiff’s aforementioned cellular telephone number was knowing and willful.

21. Additionally, in or about August 8, 2016, due to continued automated calls to his aforementioned cellular telephone number from the Defendant, Plaintiff again answered a call from Defendant, met with a pre-recorded message, was eventually connected to a live agent of

Defendant, and informed the agent/representative of Defendant that she had previously informed them not to call his cellular phone, and again demanded that Defendant cease placing calls to his aforementioned cellular telephone number.

22. Despite actual knowledge of their wrongdoing, the Defendant continued the campaign of abuse, calling the Plaintiff despite the Plaintiff revoking any express consent the Defendant may have had to call his aforementioned cellular telephone number.

23. On at least ten (10) separate occasions, Plaintiff answered a call from Defendant, held the line to be connected to a live representative, and demanded that Defendant cease placing calls to his aforementioned cellular telephone number.

24. The Plaintiff's requests for the harassment to end were ignored.

25. From approximately June 20, 2016, through approximately the filing of this Complaint, or at such time as will be determined after a thorough review of Defendant's records, Defendant has called Plaintiff's aforementioned cellular telephone on a daily basis, despite Plaintiff's repeated requests for the calls to stop.

26. From approximately June 20, 2016, through the filing of this Complaint, Defendant has placed approximately three-hundred and sixty (360) calls to Plaintiff's aforementioned cellular telephone number. (Please see attached **Exhibit "A"** representing a non-exclusive call log of seventy-nine calls received from June 26, 2016 through July 14, 2016).

27. Defendant intentionally harassed and abused Plaintiff on numerous occasions by calling several times in the same hour, during one day, and on back to back days, with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass.

28. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice to call individuals, just as it did to the Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case.

29. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice, just as it did to the Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case, with no way for the consumer, or Defendant, to remove the number.

30. Defendant's corporate policy is structured as to continue to call individuals like the Plaintiff, despite these individuals informing the Defendant that they do not wish to be called.

31. Defendant has had numerous complaints from consumers against them across the country asking not to be called; however, the Defendant continues to call the consumers.

32. Defendant has numerous other federal lawsuits pending against them alleging similar violations as stated in this Complaint.

33. Defendant willfully and/or knowingly violated the TCPA with respect to the Plaintiff.

34. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of invasion of privacy and the intrusion upon this right of seclusion.

35. From each and every call without express consent placed by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of the occupation of this cellular telephone line and cellular phone by unwelcome calls, making the phone unavailable for legitimate callers or outgoing calls while the phone was ringing from Defendant call.

36. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of unnecessary expenditure of this time. For

calls she answered, the time Plaintiff spent on the call was unnecessary as she repeatedly asked for the calls to stop. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the phone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflect the unwanted calls. They also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

37. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone was an injury in the form of a nuisance and annoyance to the Plaintiff. For calls that were answered, Plaintiff had to go to the unnecessary trouble of answering them. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflected the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

38. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of unnecessary expenditure of Plaintiff's cell phone's battery power.

39. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of a trespass to Plaintiff's chattel, namely this cellular phone and this cellular phone services.

40. As a result of the calls described above, Plaintiff suffered an invasion of privacy. Plaintiff was also affected in a personal and individualized way by stress, anxiety, nervousness, embarrassment, distress and aggravation.

COUNT I
(Violation of the TCPA)

41. Plaintiff fully incorporates and realleges paragraphs one (1) through forty-two (42) as if fully set forth herein.

42. Defendant caused placement of non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior express consent in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

43. Defendant willfully and knowingly caused placement of non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior express consent in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

WTHISEFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable and judgment against for statutory damages, punitive damages, actual damages, treble damages, enjoinder from further violations of these parts and any other such relief the court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

s/Mark Lambert

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